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In the claims

1-17 (cancelled)

- 18. (withdrawn) A nucleic acid comprising a DNA sequence that substantially corresponds to SEQ ID NO:1 wherein at least one mutation has been introduced in the sequence corresponding to the  $\beta$ -bridge.
- 19. (withdrawn) The nucleic acid according to claim 18, wherein the mutation occurs at a site which encodes the PA in the  $\beta$ -bridge.
- 20. (withdrawn) The nucleic acid according to claim 19, wherein the mutation at the site that encodes PA is a substitution or deletion such that the substituted nucleic acid encodes a single amino acid, a dipeptide, a tripeptide and a tetrapeptide.
- 21. (withdrawn) A nucleic acid according to claim 17, wherein the at least one mutation results in an amino acid change selected from PA/A, PA/AA, PA/PGA, PA/PAPA, ΔPA, PA/K, PA/G, PA/D and PA/P.
- 22. (withdrawn) A vector encoding the nucleic acid of any of claim 18 through 21.
- 23. (withdrawn) A host cell containing a vector of claim 22.
- 24. (cancelled)
- 25. (withdrawn) A method for modifying enzyme catalytic activity, comprising:

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- (a) selecting an enzyme having two catalytic centers connected by a  $\beta$ -bridge, the catalytic centers being located at reciprocal stereogeometric positions in the enzyme;
- (b) changing the reciprocal stereo-geometric position of the two catalytic centers by introducing a mutation into the  $\beta$ -bridge; and
  - (c) modifying the catalytic activity of the enzyme.

26-28 (cancelled)

- 29. (withdrawn) A method of forming a shotgun cloning library, comprising
- (a) incubating a modified DNA cleaving enzyme according to claim 1 with a DNA to form non-sequence specific cleavage fragments of the DNA that are ligatable; the ligatable DNA being capable of insertion into a vector for cloning in a host cell; and
  - (b) forming the shotgun cloning library.
- 30. (withdrawn) A method for mapping nicks in a duplex DNA, comprising;
- (a) incubating a modified DNA cleaving enzyme according to claim 1 with the duplex DNA in a manganese-containing buffer;
- (b) permitting nicking to occur across from a pre-existing nick site to form fragments of the duplex DNA with single strand overhangs; and
  - (c) mapping the nicks in the DNA.

## 31. (cancelled)

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32. (currently amended) A composition, comprising:

a recombinant protein having DNA cleavage activity, the protein further characterized by two catalytic centers separated by a β-bridge and having at least 35% amino acid sequence identity with SEQ ID NO:12 for a T7 Endo I, wherein the recombinant protein when compared with T7 Endo I has:

- (a) reduced toxicity for an E. coli host cell; and
- (b) an amino acid sequence in the beta bridge that differs by at least one amino acid from SEO ID NO:12.

a modified recombinant T-odd phage endonuclease having two naturally occurring catalytic domains separated by a  $\beta$ - bridge differing by a deletion, a substitution or an addition of one or more amino acids in the  $\beta$ - bridge from the sequence at 44-49 in SEQ ID NO:12 so as to cause altered activity of the endonuclease.

## 33-35 (cancelled)

- 36. (currently amended) The composition according to claim 32, wherein the altered activity of the modified endonuclease further comprises: comprising: (c) greater DNA cleavage activity of the recombinant protein in a manganese-containing buffer compared with DNA cleavage activity of T7 Endo I in the manganese-containing buffer.
- 37. (previously presented) The composition according to claim 36, wherein one or more DNA cleavage activities are selected from the group consisting of: cleavage of a cruciform DNA; nicking opposite a preexisting nick site; nicking next to a mismatch in the DNA resulting in double strand cleavage; and non-specific nuclease activity.

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38. (currently amended) The composition according to claim 32, wherein the altered activity of the modified endonuclease further comprises: emprising: (e) reduced DNA cleavage activity of the recombinant protein in a magnesium-containing buffer compared with DNA cleavage activity of T7 Endo I in the magnesium-containing buffer.

- 39. (previously presented) The composition according to claim 38, wherein one or more DNA cleavage activities are selected from the group consisting of: nicking opposite a preexisting nick site; nicking next to a mismatch in the DNA resulting in double strand cleavage; and non-specific nuclease activity.
- 40. (currently amended) The composition according to claim 32, wherein the modified recombinant phage-odd endonuclease pretein is derived from a T7-like endonuclease selected from the group consisting of: gene 3 (Enterobacteria phage T7), T7 endodeoxyribonuclease I, Yersinia pestis phage phiA1122 endonuclease, Phage PhiYe03-12 endonuclease, Phage T3 endodeoxyribonuclease, Pseudomonas phage gh-1 endonuclease, Psuedomonas putida KT2440; Endodeoxyribonuclease I; and Roseophage S101 RP endonuclease I.
- 41. (previously presented) The composition according to claim 32, wherein the difference of at least one amino acid in the  $\beta$ -bridge is a substitution or a deletion at a site corresponding to a Pro-Ala (PA) dipeptide in the  $\beta$ -bridge of SEO ID NO:12.

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- 42. (currently amended) The composition according to claim 41, wherein the substitution is a single amino acid substitution, a dipeptide substitution, a tripeptide substitution or a tetrapeptide substitution at the PA; or wherein the deletion is a deletion of PA dipeptide, or wherein the deletion is a deletion of Pro(P) and or Ala(A).
- 43. (currently amended) The composition according to claim 42, wherein the PA dipeptide is substituted with an Ala (A), a Lys (K), a Gly (G), an Asp (D) or a Pro (P), an Ala-Ala (AA) dipeptide, an Ala-Gly-Ala (AGA) tripeptide, or a Pro-Ala-Pro-Ala (PAPA) peptide, or a deletion of PA.
- 44. (previously presented) A kit containing at least one of: the composition of claim 41; an isolated nucleic acid comprising the composition of claim 1; a vector comprising the nucleic acid; or a host cell comprising the vector.
- 45. (previously presented) A method of determining whether a DNA substrate has a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP), comprising:
- (a) contacting the DNA substrate with the composition according to claim 32: and
- (b) determining from the cleavage product whether the DNA substrate has the SNP.
- 46. (previously presented) The method according to claim 45, further comprising: identifying which nucleotide forms the SNP.
- 47. (previously presented) The method according to claim 45, further comprising: identifying the location of the SNP.